नौकरियों का शोषण

2234. **श्री जनेश्वर मिश्र:** क्या सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या यह सच है कि उच्च तथा मध्यवर्गीय घरों में नौकरानी के रूप में काम कर रही बालिकाओं का कई प्रकार से मानसिक और दैहिक शोषण होता है;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि इन लड़कियों को बाल श्रम (प्रतिषेध और विनियमन) अधिनियम, 1986 में शामिल नहीं किया गया है; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार कानून बनाकर इन बालिकाओं को अशिक्षा और कुपोषण से मुक्त करेगी?

सामाजिक न्याय और अधिकारिता मंत्रालय की राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती मेनका गांधी): (क) से (ग) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

Rehabilitation of Scavengers in Gujarat

2235. SHRI AHMED PATEL: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the implementation of National Scheme of Liberation and Rehabilitation of Scavengers (NSLRS) is very tardy in the State of Gujarat;

(b) if so, the details and reasons therefor;

(c) if the answer to (a) be in the negative the total number of scavengers identified in the State and the number of scavengers yet to be rehabilitated, as on date; and

(d) what concrete steps are being taken by Government to rehabilitate identified scavengers in the State within a time frame?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRIMATI MANEKA GANDHI): (a) to (c) No, Sir. The State Government of Gujarat have implementing the Scheme if Liberation and Rehabilitation of Scavengers and dependents ever since its inception in 1991-92. The number of scavengers identity is 64195 and upto May, 1997, 5873 scavengers had been rehabilitated. During the year 1997-98, the State Government have been released Central Assistance to the tune of Rs. 890 crores for rehabilitating 10,000 scavengers.

(d) For rehabilitation of scavengers in alternative dignified occupation Government of India is implementing the following steps:

(i) Time bound programme for identification of scavengers and their dependents and their aptitude for alternative trade through a survey.

(ii) Training in identified trades for scavengers and their dependents nearest local training institutions/ centres of various departments of Governments, Central Government and other semi-Government and other Government organisations.

(iii) Rehabilitation of scavengers in various trades and occupations by present subsidy, margin money loan and bank loan.

The entire cost of training is borne by Government of India. Rehabilitation of scavengers is attempted by offering vocational projects costing Rs. 50,000/- in respect of each beneficiary.

Non-Acceptance of OBC certificates

2236. SHRI S. NIRAIKULATHAN: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that OBC certificates issued under the authority of Resolution No. 12011/68/93-BCC(G) dated 10th September, 1993, of the Ministry of Welfare, Government of India, are not accepted by the Government of NCT of Delhi, unless such certificates are issued by the authorities under Delhi Government; and

(b) will the Central Government direct the Delhi Government to honour OBC certificates even if issued by other State Governments under the authority of Resolution No. 12011/68/98-BCC(c) dated 10th September, 1993 and OM No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated 8th September, 1993 issued by the Department of Personnel and Training?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRIMATI MANEKA GANDHI): (a) and (b) The Government of India Resolution No. 12011/68/93-BCC(c) dated 10.9.93 specifies the Central List of OBCs in some of the States. It does not contain Central List of OBC in respect of Union Territory of Delhi. Central List of OBCs in respect of NCT of Delhi was notified vide resolution No. 12011/7/95-BCC dated the 24th May, 1995. The detailed instructions for issue of certificate to the candidates are laid down in the Ministry of Personnel Public Grievances and Pensions, Deptt. of Personnel and Training letter No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated the 15th November, 1993.

An OBC certificate for the purposes of reservation benefits for the jobs under the Central Government is to be issued on the basis of the Central List of OBCs in respect of the State/UT to which the candidate belongs. Such certificate is to be issued by the competent Authority specified in Deptt. of Personnel & Training letter dated 15.11.1993 referred to above.

Further, the certificates to be issued for the purposes of reservation of jobs under the Central Government may not be applicable for the purposes of job reservation under the State Govts/UT Administrations for the reason that the orders contain OM No. 36012/22/93-Estt. (SCT) dated 8th September, 1993 issued by the Deptt. of Personnel & Training are applicable only for the vacancies in Civil Posts and Services under the Govt. of India to be filled by direct recruitment.

Non-acceptance of SC/ST certificates by State Governments

2237. SHRI S. NIRAIKULATHAN: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the SC/ST certificates issued by a State Government under the constitution Order, 1950 relating to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are not accepted by other State Governments;

(b) whether it is a fact that several State Governments provide the benefit of reservation to SC/ST people, only they belong to SCs/STs of that State;

(c) if so, whether such provision has the sanction of the Constitution; and

(d) whether Government propose to bring any legislation to remove these anomalies and make all the State Government to accept SC/ST certificates issued by any State Government in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRIMATI MANEKA GANDHI): (a) to (c) Yes, Sir.

(d) As there are no anomalies, there is no need to bring any legislation.

Demand of Madiga Reservation Porata Samithi in A.P.

2238. DR. D. VENKATESHWAR RAO: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Madiga reservation Porata Samithi in Andhra Pradesh is demanding early implementation of grouping of Scheduled Castes into A, B, C, and D;

(b) the reasons for delay in its implementation; and

(c) the action proposed to get it cleared early in view of MRPS activists bid to commit suicide?